

Solar Storage Inverter User Manual



Product Models

SPI-8K-H3

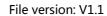
SPI-10K-H3

SPI-12K-H3



CONTENTS

1. Safety	1
1.1 How to use this manual	1
1.2 Symbols in this manual	
1.3 Safety instruction	
2. Production Instructions	
2. I TOUGETOTT ATTUCCTOTTS	
2.1 Instructions	2
2.2 Features	2
2.3 System connection diagram	3
2.4 Production overview	4
3. Installation	5
3.1 Select the mount location	5
3.2 Mount the inverter	6
3.3 Remove terminal protection cover and dust screen	6
4. Connection	7
4.1 Three-phase mode	7
4.2 Cable & circuit breaker requirement	9
4.3 AC input & output connection	10
4.4 Battery connection	11
4.5 PV connection	11
4.6 Dry contact connection	12
4.7 Grounding connection	12
4.8 Final assembly	12
4.9 Start-up the inverter	12
5. Operation	13
5.1 Operation and display panel	13
5.2 Setting	17
5.3 AC output mode	26
5.4 Battery charging mode	27
5.5 Time-slot charging/discharging function	29
5.6 Battery parameter	30
6. Communication	32
6.1 Overview	32
6.2 USB-B port	32
6.3 WIFI port	33
6.4 RS485/CAN port	34





6.5 Dry contact port	35
7. Fault and Remedy	
7.1 Fault code	36
7.2 Troubleshooting	38
8. Protection and Maintenance	40
8.1 Protection function	40
8.2 Maintenance	42
9. Datasheet	43



1. Safety

1.1 How to use this manual

- This manual contains important information, guidelines, operation and maintenance for the following products: SPI-8K-H3,SPI-10K-H3,SPI-12K-H3
- This manual must be followed during installation, use and maintenance.

1.2 Symbols in this manual

Symbols	Description
∆ : DANGER	DANGER indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided will result in death or serious injury.
∆ : WARING	WARING indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided could result in death or serious injury.
∆ : CAUTION	CAUTION indicates a hazardous situations which if not avoided could result in minor or moderate injury.
()! NOTICE	NOTICE provide some tips on operation of products.

1.3 Safety instruction

∆ : DANGER

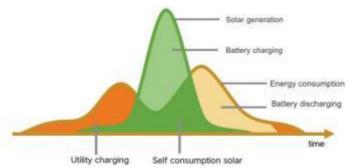
- This chapter contains important safety instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.
- Be sure to comply the local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- Beware of high voltage. Please turn off the switch of each power sources before and during the installation to avoid electric shock.
- For optimal operation of this inverter, select the appropriate cable size and the necessary protective devices as specified.
- Do not connect or disconnect any connections when the inverter working.
- Do not open the terminal cover when the inverter working.
- Make sure the inverter is well grounding.
- Be careful not to cause short-circuiting of the AC output and DC input.
- Do not disassembly this unit, for all repair and maintenance, please take it to the professional service center.



2. Production Instructions

2.1 Instructions

SPI H3 series is a new type of solar energy storage inverter control inverter integrating solar energy storage & utility charging and energy storage, AC sine wave output. It adopts DSP control and features high response speed, reliability, and industrial standard through an advanced control algorithm.



2.2 Features

- Supports lead-acid battery and li-ion battery connections.
- With a dual activation function when the li-ion battery is dormant; either mains or photovoltaic power supply access can trigger the activation of the li-ion battery.
- Support three-phase pure sine wave output (350~415V).
- Supports phase voltage adjustment in the range of 200, 208, 220, 230, 240Vac.
- Supports two PV inputs, with the function of simultaneously tracking the maximum power charging or carrying capacity of two MPPT.
- Dual MPPT, efficiency up to 99.9%, single maximum current of 22A, perfectly adapted to high-power modules.
- 4 charging modes are available: solar only, mains priority, solar priority, and mixed mains and PV charging.
- With time-slot charging and discharging setting function, it helps users to take advantage of peak and valley tariffs and save electricity costs.
- Energy-saving mode function to reduce no-load energy losses.
- With two output modes of utility bypass and inverter output, with uninterrupted power supply function.
- LCD large screen dynamic flow diagram design, easy to understand the system data and operation status.
- 360° protection with complete short-circuit protection, over-current protection, over-voltage protection, under-voltage protection, over-load protection, etc.
- Support CAN, USB, and RS485 communication.

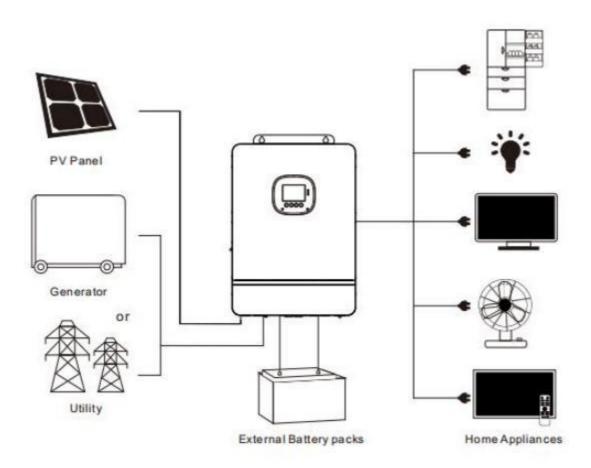


2.3 System connection diagram

The diagram below shows the system application scenario of this product. A complete system consists of the following components:

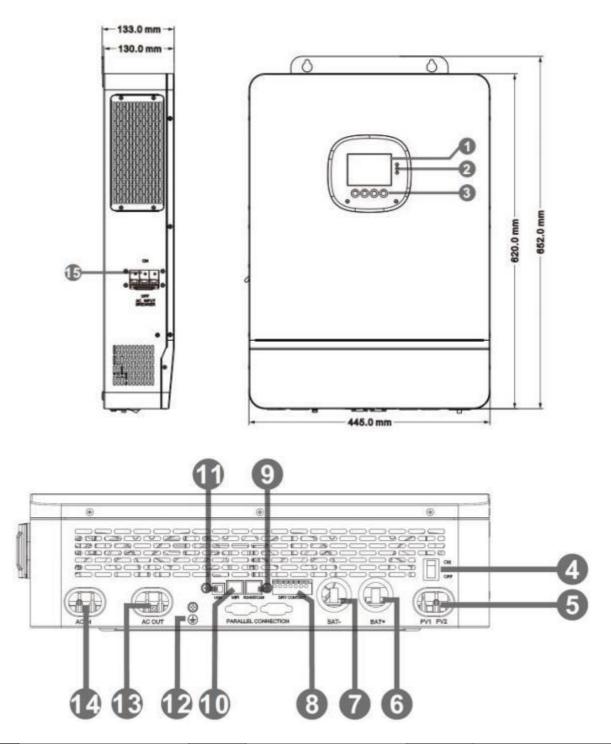
- 1. **PV modules**: converts light energy into DC energy, which can be used to charge the battery via an inverter or directly inverted into AC power to supply the load.
- 2. **Utility grid or generator**: connected to the AC input, either of the connected utility and generator can charge the battery while supplying the load. When the batteries and photovoltaic modules supply the load, the system can operate without the utility or generator.
- 3. **Battery**: The role of the battery is to ensure the normal power supply of the system loads in case of insufficient photovoltaic and no utility power.
- 4. **Home load**: connects to a variety of home and office loads including refrigerators, lamps, TVs, fans, air conditioners and other AC loads.
- 5. **Inverter:** it is the energy conversion device of the whole system.

The actual application scenario determines the specific system cabling.





2.4 Production overview



1	LCD screen	2	LED indicator	3	Touchable key
4	ON/OFF rocker switch	5	PV input (PV1+PV2)	6	Battery (positive)
7	Battery (negative)	8	Dry contact	9	RS485/CAN port
10	WIFI port	11	USB port	12	Grounding screw
13	AC output (L1+L2+L3 +N)	14	AC input (L 1+L2+L3+N)	15	AC input circuit breaker

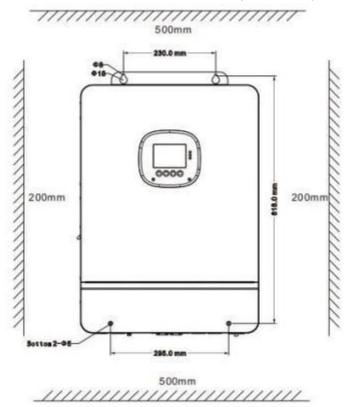


3. Installation

3.1 Select the mount location

SPI H3 series can be used outdoors (protection degree IP20). Please consider the followings before selecting the location:

- © Choose the solid wall to install the inverter.
- Mount the inverter at eye level.
- Adequate cooling space must be provided for the inverter.
- The ambient temperature should be between -10 ~55℃ (14 ~131°F) to ensure optimal operation.





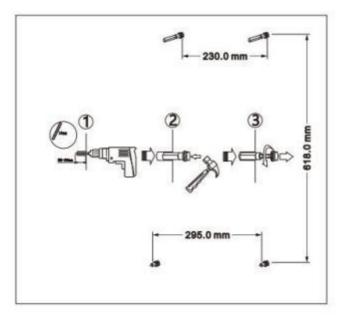
- Do not install the inverter near highly flammable materials.
- Do not install the inverter in a potentially explosive area.
- Do not install the inverter in a confined space with lead-acid batteries.

- Do not install the inverter in direct sunlight.
- Do not install or use the inverter in a humid environment.



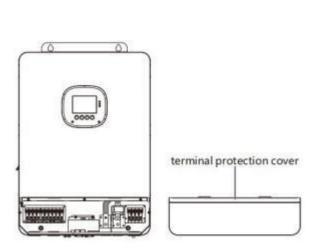
3.2 Mount the inverter

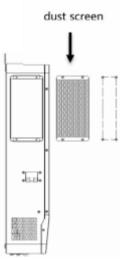
Drill 4 mounting holes in the wall with an electric drill according to the specified dimensions, insert 2 expansion screws above and 2 M5 screws below to fix the inverter.



3.3 Remove terminal protection cover and dust screen

Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal protection cover and dust screen.





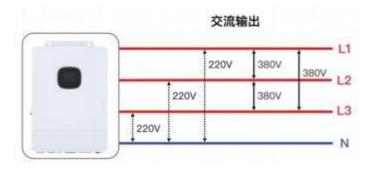
○! *NOTICE*

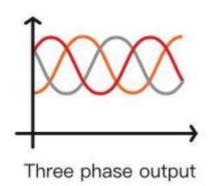
When using the device in areas with poor air quality, the dust screen is easily blocked by air particles. Please disassemble and clean the dust screen periodically to avoid affecting the internal air flow rate of the inverter, which may trigger an over-temperature protection fault (19/20 fault) affecting the use of the power supply and the service life of the inverter.



4. Connection

4.1 Three-phase mode



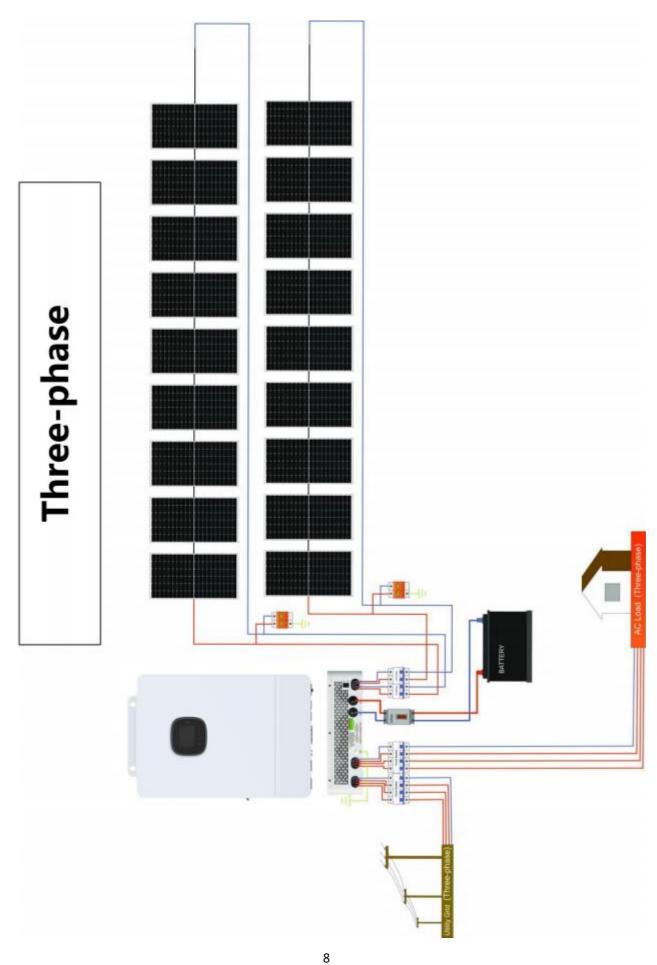


Items	Description	
Applicable models	SPI series SH3 model	
AC output phase voltage (L-N)	200~240Vac, 230Vac default	

O! NOTICE

- The user can change the output phase mode and output voltage through the setup menu, please read chapter 5.2 for details.
- The output voltage corresponds to item [38] of the parameter setting, and the output phase voltage can be set within the range of 200V to 240V.







4.2 Cable & circuit breaker requirement

• PV input

Models	Cable Diameter	Max. PV Input Current	Circuit Breaker Spec
SPI-8K-H3	5mm²/ 10 AWG	22A	2P-25A
SPI-10K-H3	5mm²/ 10 AWG	22A	2P-25A
SPI-12K-H3	5mm²/ 10 AWG	22A	2P-25A

AC input

Models	Output Mode	Max. Phase Current	Cable Diameter	
SPI-8K-H3	Three-phase	23A	6mm²/8 AWG(L1/L2/L3/N)	4P-40A
SPI-10K-H3	Three-phase	29A	7mm²/8 AWG(L1/L2/L3/N)	4P-40A
SPI-12K-H3	Three-phase	35A	9mm²/6 AWG(L1/L2/L3/N)	4P-40A

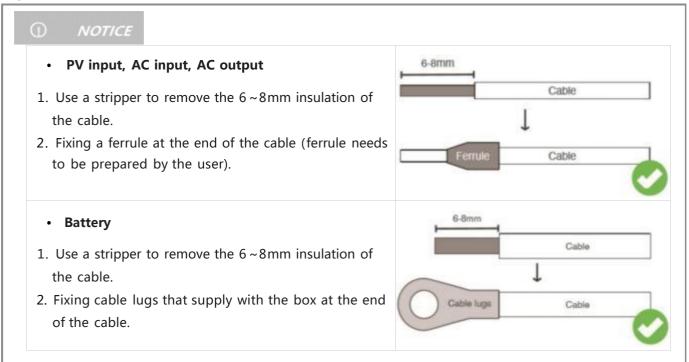
Battery

Models	Cable Diameter	Max. Current	Circuit Breaker Spec
SPI-8K-H3	34mm²/ 2 AWG	180A	2P-200A
SPI-10K-H3	42mm²/ 1 AWG	220A	2P-250A
SPI-12K-H3	50mm²/ 0 AWG	260A	2P-300A

AC output

Models	Output Mode	Rated phase Current	Cable Diameter	Circuit Breaker Spec
SPI-8K-H3	Three-phase	11.6A	6mm ² /8 AWG(L1/L2/L3/N)	4P-40A
SPI-10K-H3	Three-phase	14.5A	7mm ² /8 AWG(L1/L2/L3/N)	4P-40A
SPI-12K-H3	Three-phase	17.4A	9mm²/6 AWG(L1/L2/L3/N)	4P-40A

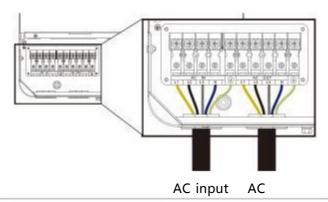




The wire diameter is for reference only. If the distance between the PV array and the inverter or between the inverter and the battery is long, using a thicker wire will reduce the voltage drop and improve the performance of the system.

4.3 AC input & output connection

Connect the live, neutral and ground cables in the position and order of the cables as shown in the diagram below.



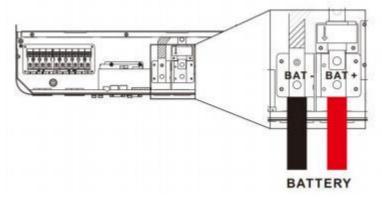
∆ : DANGER

- . Before connecting the AC input and output, the circuit breaker must be disconnected to avoid the risk of electric shock and must not be operated with electricity.
- Please check that the cable used is sufficient for the requirements, too thin, poor quality cables are a serious safety hazard.



4.4 Battery connection

Connect the positive and negative cable of the battery according to the diagram below.

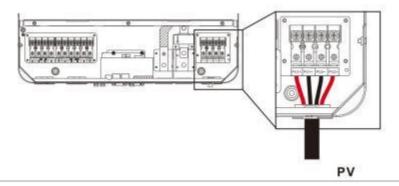


∆ : DANGER

- Before connecting the battery, the circuit breaker must be disconnected to avoid the risk of electric shock and must not be operated with electricity.
- Please ensure that the positive and negative terminals of the batteries are correctly connected and not reversed, otherwise the inverter may be damaged.
- Please check that the cable used is sufficient for the requirements, too thin, poor quality cables are a serious safety hazard.

4.5 PV connection

Connect the positive and negative wires of the two strings of PV according to the diagram below.



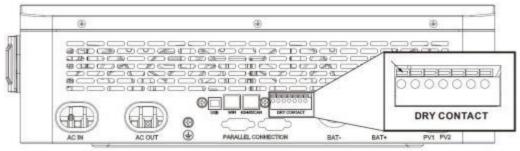
∆ : DANGER

- . Before connecting the PV, the circuit breaker must be disconnected to avoid the risk of electric shock and must not be operated with electricity.
- . Make sure that the open-circuit voltage of the PV modules connected in series does not exceed the maximum open-circuit voltage of the inverter (the value is 800V), otherwise the inverter may be damaged.



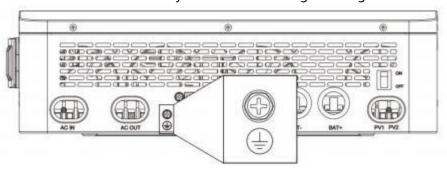
4.6 Dry contact connection

Use a small screwdriver to push back the direction indicated by the arrow, and then insert the communication cable into the dry junction port. (Communication cable cross section $0.2 \sim 1.5 \text{mm}^2$)



4.7 Grounding connection

Make sure that the earth terminal is securely connected to the grounding busbar.





• Grounding wire shall be not less than 4 mm² in diameter and as close as possible to the earthing point.

4.8 Final assembly

After ensuring that the wiring is reliable and the wire sequence is correct, restore the terminal protection cover to its original position.

4.9 Start-up the inverter

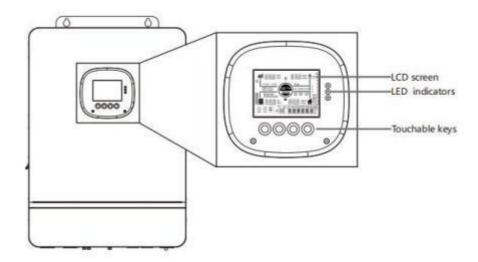
- Step 1 : Close the circuit breaker of the battery.
- . Step 2 : Press the ON/OFF switch on the bottom of the inverter, the screen and the indicator light come on to indicate that the inverter is activated.
- . Step 3 : Sequential close of the circuit breakers for PV, AC input and AC output.
- . Step 4: Start the loads one by one in order of power from small to large.



5. Operation

5.1 Operation and display panel

The operation and display panel below includes 1 LCD screen, 3 indicators, 4 touchable keys.



Touchable keys

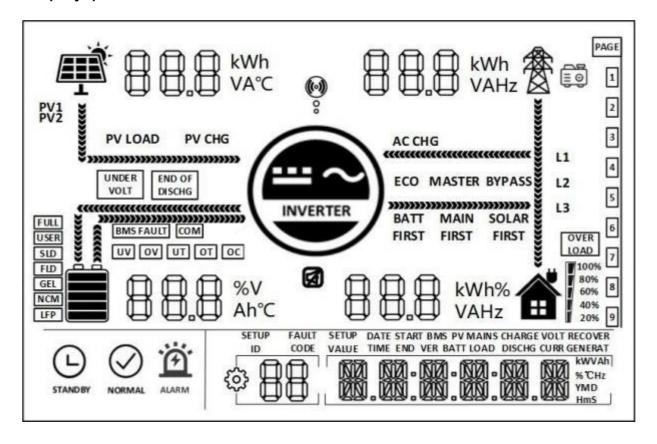
Touchable keys	Description	
0	To enter/exit the setting menu	
4	To next selection	
\bigcirc	To last selection	
\bigcirc	To confirm/enter the selection in setting menu	

LED Indicators

LED Indicators	Color	Description	
A C (INIV)		Always on: utility bypass output	
AC/INV	Green	Flash: inverter output	
CHARGE Yellow		Always on: charging complete	
		Flash: charging	
FAULT	Red	Flash: fault occur	



Display panel



Icon	Description	Icon	Description
	Indicates the PV panel	*	Indicates the utility grid
	Indicates the battery	= 0	Indicates the generator
	Indicates the inverter is working		Indicates the home load
©	Indicates the inverter is communicating with data collector	团	Indicates the buzzer muted
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Indicates the direction of energy flow		
STANDBY	Indicates the inverter is standby	NORMAL.	Indicates the inverter is working normally
ALARM	Indicates error occur	€\$\$	Indicates setting

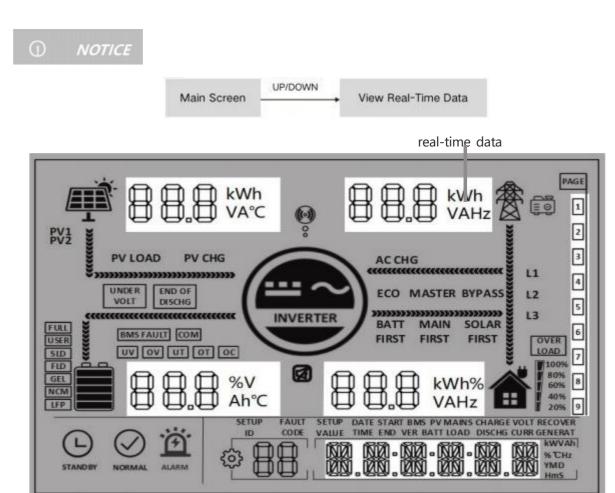
Icon	Description	Icon	Description	
ı	Indicates load power		Indicates battery SOC	
1	80%~100%		80%~100%	
2	Indicates load power		Indicates battery SOC	
i	60%~79%		60%~79%	
3	Indicates load power		Indicates battery SOC	
i	40%~59%		40%~59%	
7	Indicates load power	_	Indicates battery SOC	
ă.	20%~39%		20%~39%	
Į	Indicates load power 5%~19%		Indicates battery SOC 5%~19%	
UNDER	Indicates battery under-	END OF	Indicates battery discharge	
VOLT	voltage	DISCHG	stops	
OVER LOAD	Indicates over-load	BMS FAULT	Indicates BMS fault	
СОМ	Indicates system	UV	To disable south as and a south as	
COM	communication error		Indicates system under-voltage	
ov	Indicates system over-voltage	UT	Indicates system under	
	indicates system over-voltage		temperature	
ОТ	Indicates system	ос	Indicates system over-current	
	overtemperature		maleutes system over current	
FULL	Indicates battery is full	USER	Indicates user defined battery	
SLD	Indicates sealed lead-acid battery	FLD	Indicates flooded lead-acid battery	
GEL	Indicates gel lead-acid battery	NCM	Indicates ternary li-ion battery	
LFP	Indicates LFP li-ion battery	ECO	Indicates energy-saving mode	
PV LOAD	Indicates PV energy is carrying the load	PV CHG	Indicates PV energy is charging the battery	
AC CHG	Indicates AC IN energy is charging the battery	MAIN FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is mains power first	
BYPASS	Indicates the inverter output mode is bypass	SOLAR FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is solar first	
BATT FIRST	Indicates the inverter output mode is battery first			

Tel: +86 0538 5076188 Web: https://solarforestgroup.com WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

File version: V1.1

View real-time data

In the main screen , press the UP / DOWN keys to view the real-time data of the inverter during operation.

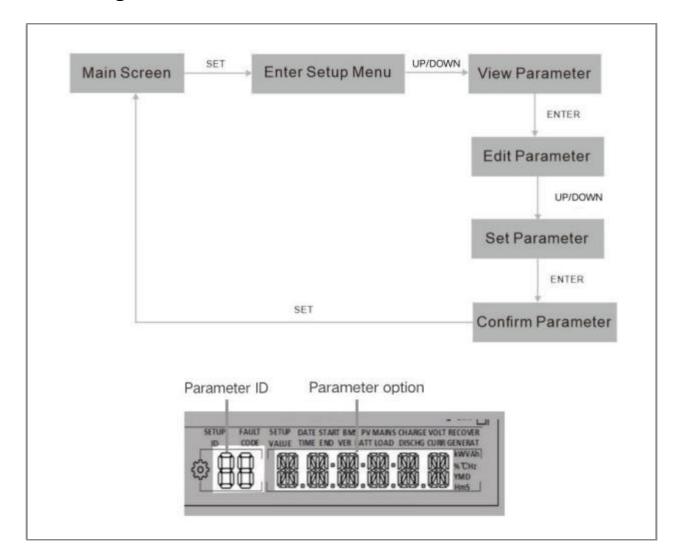


Page	PV side	BAT side	AC IN side	LOAD side	General
1	PV input voltage	Batt Voltage	AC IN voltage	phase voltage	Current Time
2	PV input current	Batt Current	AC IN current	phase current	Current Date
3	PV input power	Batt Voltage	Total AC IN power	phase active power	PV Total kWh
4	PV today kWh	Batt Current	Today AC charging kWh	phase apparent power	Load Total kWh
5	PV side heat sink temperature	INV Heat Sink Temperature	AC frequency	AC output frequency	RS485 Address
6	Rated open-circuit voltage	Batt Rated Voltage	Busbar voltage	Rated output power	Soft Version
7	Max. PV charging current	Max.Batt charging current	Max. AC charging current	Total AC output active power	/
8			/	Total AC output apparent power	/

Tel: +86 0538 5076188 Web: https://solarforestgroup.com WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

File version: V1.1

5.2 Setting



ID	Parameter Meaning	Options	Description
00	Exit	ESC	Exit the setup menu.
		UTI default	Utility Priority. Utility power is given priority to the loads, the battery inverts to provide power to the load only when utility power is unavailable.
01	AC output source priority	SBU	Prioritises the use of PV to power the load and switches back to the mains to power the load only when the battery voltage is lower than the set value in parameter item [4] (when connected to the BMS, according to item [61]). When the battery voltage is higher than the value set in parameter [5] (when connected to the BMS, according to item [62]), it switches back to the PV from the mains to supply the load.



AC output frequency 50.0 default In mains mode the AC output frequency will adapt to the mains frequency, otherwise the output will follow the preset value. Setting range-40 – 52V.			SOL	PV priority. Switching to mains to power the load when PV is not effective or when the battery
to the mains frequency, otherwise the output will follow the preset values. Voltage point of battery switch to utility Voltage point of utility witch to battery switch to battery Voltage point of utility switch to battery Voltage point of utility switch to battery Voltage point of utility switch to battery Voltage below the preset value. Setting range:40~52V. When parameter [01] = SBU/SOL, output source will switch to utility from battery when the battery voltage below the preset value. Setting range:40~52V. When parameter [01] = SBU/SOL, output source will switch to battery from utility when the battery voltage above the preset value. Range:48~60V. Solar and utility charging the battery at the same time, solar at the first priority, utility power as a supplement when solar power is not sufficient. When solar power is sufficient, the utility stops charging. Note: The PV and mains can only be charged at the same time when the mains bypass output is loaded. When the inverter is operating, only PV charging can be initiated, not utility charging. CUB Utility is the first priority in charging, PV charging the battery only when utility is not available. PV is the first priority in charging, utility charging the battery only when solar power is not sufficient. OSO PV charging only, no utility charging. OSO PV charging only, no utility charging. Corresponding to SPI-10K-H3, setting range 0~180A. Corresponding to SPI-10K-H3, setting range 0~20A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0~20A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0~20A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0~20A. Sealed lead-acid battery. FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.				isbelow the setting of parameter item [4].
Voltage point of battery switch to utility switch to utility switch to battery when the battery voltage below the preset value. Setting range-40~52V.		AC output	50.0 default	
Voltage point of battery switch to utility switch to utility switch to utility from battery when the battery voltage below the preset value. Setting range:40 ~ 52V.	02	· ·	60.0	
Solar and utility switch to battery	04	battery switch to	43.6 default	switch to utility from battery when the battery voltage below the preset value. Setting
time, solar at the first priority, utility power as a supplement when solar power is not sufficient. When solar power is sufficient, the utility stops charging. Note: The PV and mains can only be charged at the same time when the mains bypass output is loaded. When the inverter is operating, only PV charging can be initiated, not utility charging. CUB Utility is the first priority in charging, PV charging the battery only when utility is not available. PV is the first priority in charging, utility charging the battery only when solar power is not sufficient. OSO PV charging only, no utility charging. PV charging only, no utility charging. Corresponding to SPI-8K-H3, setting range 0~180A. Corresponding to SPI-10K-H3, setting range 0~220A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0~260A. USER User-defined, user can set all battery parameter. SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.	05	utility switch to	56.8 default	switch to battery from utility when the battery
Battery charging mode CUB CUB CUB CUB CUB CUB CUB CU			SNU default	time, solar at the first priority, utility power as a supplement when solar power is not sufficient. When solar power is sufficient, the utility stops charging.
the battery only when utility is not available. CSO PV is the first priority in charging, utility charging the battery only when solar power is not sufficient. OSO PV charging only, no utility charging. Description Corresponding to SPI-8K-H3, setting range 0~180A. Corresponding to SPI-10K-H3, setting range 0~220A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0~260A. USER USER User-defined, user can set all battery parameter. SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.	06			same time when the mains bypass output is loaded. When the inverter is operating, only PV
the battery only when solar power is not sufficient. OSO PV charging only, no utility charging. Description Corresponding to SPI-8K-H3, setting range 0~180A. Corresponding to SPI-10K-H3, setting range 0~220A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0~260A. USER User-defined, user can set all battery parameter. SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.			CUB	
ID Parameter Meaning Options Description 07 Battery charging current 120A default Corresponding to SPI-8K-H3, setting range 0~180A. Corresponding to SPI-10K-H3, setting range 0~220A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0~260A. USER User-defined, user can set all battery parameter. SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.			CSO	
Battery charging current 120A default OBBER Battery type Description Corresponding to SPI-8K-H3, setting range 0~180A. Corresponding to SPI-10K-H3, setting range 0~220A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0~220A. USER USER User-defined, user can set all battery parameter. SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. Fld Flooded lead-acid battery.			OSO	PV charging only, no utility charging.
0~180A. Battery charging current 120A default 120A default 120A default 120A default 0~220A. Corresponding to SPI-10K-H3, setting range 0~260A. USER USER User-defined, user can set all battery parameter. SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. Flooded lead-acid battery.	ID		Options	Description
120A default 0 ~ 220A. Corresponding to SPI-12K-H3, setting range 0 ~ 260A. USER User-defined, user can set all battery parameter. SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.				
0 ~ 260A. USER User-defined, user can set all battery parameter. SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.	07		120A default	
SLd Sealed lead-acid battery. SLd Flooded lead-acid battery.				
08 Battery type FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.			USER	User-defined, user can set all battery parameter.
FLd Flooded lead-acid battery.			SLd	Sealed lead-acid battery.
GEL default Gel lead-acid battery.	08	Battery type	FLd	Flooded lead-acid battery.
			GEL default	Gel lead-acid battery.



		L14/ L15/ L16	L14/ L15/ L16 lithium iron phosphate batteries, corresponding to lithium iron phosphate batteries 14, 15, 16 series.
		N13/ N14	Ternary lithium batteries, N13/N14, corresponding to ternary lithium batteries 13 series, 14 series.
09	Battery boost charging voltage	57.6 default	Setting range 48V~58.4V, step 0.4V, valid when battery type is custom and lithium battery.
11	Battery float charging voltage	55.2 default	Setting range 48V~58.4V, step 0.4V, this parameter can not be set after the BMS communication is successful.
12	Battery over discharge voltage (delay powering off)	42 default	When the battery voltage is lower than the judgement point, and triggers the parameter [13], the inverter output is switched off, the setting range is 40V~48V, the step is 0.4V, valid when battery type is custom and lithium battery.
13	Battery over- discharge delay time	5 default	The battery voltage is lower than parameter [12], and the inverter output is switched off after triggering the delay time set in this parameter, the setting range is 55~50S, the step is 5S, valid when battery type is custom and lithium battery.
14	Battery under- voltage alarm point	44 default	When the battery voltage is lower than this judgement point, the device will under-voltage alarm, the output will not be switched off, the setting range is 40V~52V, the step is 0.4V, valid when battery type is custom and lithium battery.
15	Battery discharge limiting voltage	40 default	When the battery voltage is lower than the value of this parameter item, the output will be switched off immediately. Setting range 40V~52V, step 0.4V, valid when battery type is custom and lithium battery.

ID	Parameter Meaning	Options	Description
	Potter or all offers	DIS	Disable equalization charging.
16	Battery equalization charging	ENA default	Enable equalization charging, valid when battery type is FLd, SLd, and USER.
17	Battery equalization charging voltage	58	Setting range 48V~58V in 0.4V steps, valid when battery type is FLd, SLd, and USER.
18	Battery equalization charging duration	120	Setting range 5min~900min in 5 minute steps, valid when battery type is FLd, SLd, and USER.



Solul Chus	FV Froducts Manufacturer		
19	Battery equalization charging delay time	120	Setting range 5min~900min in 5 minute steps, valid when battery type is FLd, SLd, and USER.
20	Battery equalization charging interval	30	Setting range 0 ~30days in 1 day steps, valid when battery type is FLd, SLd, and USER.
24	Battery equalization	DIS default	Start equalization charging immediately.
21	charging stop-start	ENA	Stop equalization charging immediately.
		DIS default	Disable energy-saving mode.
22	Energy-saving mode	ENA	Enable energy-saving mode, when the load power is less than 25W, the output of the inverter will switch off after a 5-minute delay. When the load exceeds 25W, the inverter will restart automatically.
		DIS	Disable overload automatic restart, if an overload occurs to shut down the output, the machine will not be restored to power on again.
23	Overload automatic restart	ENA default	Enable overload automatic restart. If an overload occurs that shuts down the output, the machine delays for 3 minutes before restarting the output. After accumulating 5 times, it will not restart again.
24	Over-temperature	DIS	Disable over-temperature automatic restart, if over-temperature occurs to switch off the output machine no longer switch on the output.
24	automatic restart	ENA default	Enable over-temperature automatic restart, if over-temperature occurs the output is switched off, it will be switched on when the temperature drops.
		DIS	Disable buzzer alarm.
25 Buzzer	Buzzer alarm	ENA default	Enable buzzer alarm.
26	Mada chenna alant	DIS	Disable alert when the status of the main input source changes.
26 Mode o	Mode change alert	ENA default	Enable alert when the status of the main input source changes.

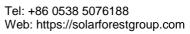
ID	Parameter Meaning	Options	Description
27	Inverter overload switch to bypass	DIS	Disable automatic switching to mains to power the load in the event of an inverter overload.
27		ENA default	Automatic switching to mains to power the load in the event of an inverter overload.
20	Utility charging current	100A	Corresponds to SPI 8K SH3, setting range 0~100A.
28		120A	Corresponds to SPI 10K SH3, setting range



			File version: V1.1
			0~120A.
		120A	Corresponds to SPI 12K SH3, setting range 0~120A.
30	RS485 communication address	ID:1	RS485 address setting range: 1~254.
		SLA default	RS485 PC & Remote Monitoring Protocol.
32	RS485 communication	BMS	RS485 BMS communication function.
		CAN	CAN BMS communication function.
			BMS, the corresponding lithium battery should be selected for communication.
33	BMS communication	WOW default	PAC = PACE, RDA = RITAR, AOG = ALLGRAND, OLT = OLITER, CEF = CFE, XYD = SUNWODA, DAQ = DYNESS, WOW = SRNE, PYL = PYLONTECH, POW = POWMr, UOL = VILION.
		DIS default	Disable this function.
34	On-grid and hybrid power supply load	MIX LOD	When parameter [01] = UTI, the solar energy is prioritised to charge the battery and any excess energy will be used to power the load. With an anti-backflow function, the PV energy is not feed back into the grid.
		ON GRD	When parameter [01] = UTI, the solar energy is given priority charging, and when the load demand is met, the remaining power will be fed back to the grid.
35	Battery under- voltage recovery point	52	When the battery is under-voltage, the battery voltage needs to be higher than this setting value in order to restore the battery inverter AC output, setting range: 44V~54.4V.
37	Recharge voltage point after battery is full	52	Inverter stops charging when the battery is full. Inverter resumes charging when the battery voltage below this value. Setting range: 44V~54V.
38	AC output phase voltage	230	Setting range: 200/208/220/230/240Vac.
39	Charging current limiting method (when BMS is	[SET] The maximum battery charging current is limited according to the setting in [07]. [BMS] Default Maximum battery charging current is limited according to	
	enabled)	thecurrent limit value	



ID	Parameter Meaning	Options	Description
40	1st time slot start mains charging / carrying loads	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
41	1st time slot end mains charging / carrying loads	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
42	2nd time slot start mains charging / carrying loads	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
43	2nd time slot end mains charging / carrying loads	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
44	3rd time slot start mains charging / carrying loads	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
45	3rd time slot end mains charging / carrying loads	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
		DIS default	Disable this function.
46	Time slot mains charging / carrying loads function	ENA	When the time slot mains charging / carrying loads function is enabled, the power supply mode will change to SBU and switch to mains charging only during the set charging period or when the battery is over-discharged. If the time slot discharging function is enabled at the same time, the system power supply mode will change to UTI, and will only switch to the mains for charging during the set charging period, and switch to the battery inverter power supply during the set discharging period or when the mains is outaged.
47	1st time slot start battery discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
48	1st time slot end battery discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
49	2nd time slot start battery discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.



50	2nd time slot end battery discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
51	3rd time slot start battery discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.

ID	Parameter Meaning	Options	Description
52	3rd time slot end battery discharging	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:00.
		DIS default	Disable this function.
53	Time slot battery discharging function	ENA	When the time slot battery discharging function is enabled, the power supply mode will be switched to UTI, and the system will switch to battery inverter power supply only during the set discharge period or when the mains is outaged.
54	Local date	00:00:00	YY/MM/DD. Setting range: 00:01:01-99:12:31.
55	Local time	00:00:00	Setting range: 00:00:00-23:59:59.
56	Leakage current	DIS default	Disable detecting Leakage current value.
	detection protection	ENA	Enable detecting Leakage current value.
57	Stop charging current	2	Charging stops when the charging current is less than this setting (unit: A).

			File version: v1.1
58	Discharging alarm SOC setting	15	Triggers an alarm when the battery SOC is less than the set value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)
59	Discharging cut-off SOC setting	5	Stops discharging when the battery SOC is less than the set value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)
60	Charging cut-off SOC setting	100	Stops charging when the battery SOC is higher than the set value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)
61	Switching to utility SOC setting	10	Switch to utility power when the battery SOC is less than this setting value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)
62	Swithing to inverter output SOC setting	100	Switches to inverter output mode when SOC is higher than this setting value (unit:%, valid only when BMS communication is normal)
62	N-PE bonding automatic switching	DIS default	Disable automatic switching of N-PE connections.
63	function	ENA	Enable automatic switching of N-PE connections.
67	On grid power	0 W default	Setting range: less than rated power
70	Insulation	DIS default	Disable detecting insulation impedance value.
70	impedance detection	ENA	Enable detecting insulation impedance value.
71	DV nouser priority	First to load	PV energy is prioritized to supply the load
71	PV power priority	First to charge default	PV energy is prioritized to charge the battery

Tel: +86 0538 5076188

WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

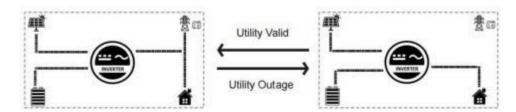
File version: V1.1

5.3 AC output mode

The AC output mode corresponds to the parameter operating priority mode and the utility hybrid with load function setting item, allowing the user to set manually.

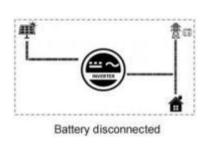
Utility Priority Output 01 UTI (default)

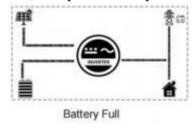
Utility priority, switching to inverter only when utility is outaged (Priority: Utility > PV > Battery)



Solar and Utility Hybrid Output 34 MIX LOD

In UTI mode and parameter [34] = MIX LOD, when not connected to the battery or when the battery is full, the solar and the utility supply power to the load at the same time. (Priority: PV > Utility > Battery)





Solar Priority Output 01 SOL

The PV gives priority to powering the load, and when the PV meets the load, the excess power charges the battery.

When the PV energy is insufficient, the battery replenishes to power the load.

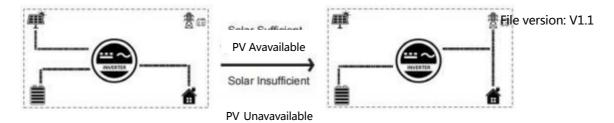
When the PV is ineffective, switches to mains power, and then finally to use battery power.

When the PV energy is insufficient, as well as when the battery falls below the parameter (battery to mains) or switching to the mains SOC setting value, switches to mains power supply to the load and charging, where the PV's energy is charged, without load. This mode maximises the use of the PV while maintaining battery power and is suitable for areas with stable grids.

(Priority: PV > Utility > Battery)

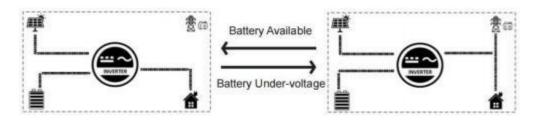
Tel: +86 0538 5076188 Web: https://solarforestgroup.com

WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Email: info@solarforestgroup.com



Inverter Priority Output 01 SbU

The PV will supply power to the loads on a priority basis. If the PV is insufficient or unavailable, the battery will be used as a supplement to supply power to the load. When the battery voltage touches the value of parameter [04] (Voltage point of battery switch to utility), it will switch to utility power supply to the load (without BMS connected) / When the BMS is connected and the Li-ion battery SOC touches the value of parameter [61] (Switching to utility SOC setting), it will switch to utility power supply to the load. This mode maximises the use of DC energy, and it is suitable for the areas where the power grid is stable. (Priority: PV > Battery > Utility)



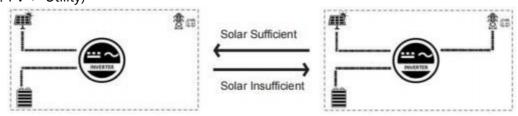
5.4 Battery charging mode

The charging mode corresponds to parameter [06], which allows the user to set the charging mode manually.

Hybrid Charging SNU (default)

PV and mains power charge the battery at the same time, with PV taking priority and mains power acting as a supplement when PV is insufficient. This is the fastest charging method and is suitable for areas with insufficient power supply, providing sufficient backup power for users.

(Priority: PV > Utility)

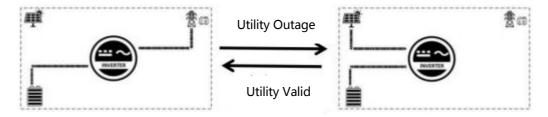


Tel: +86 0538 5076188 Web: https://solarforestgroup.com WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

File version: V1.1

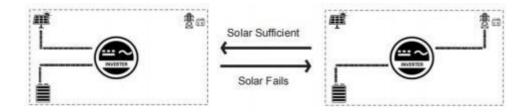
Utility Priority Charging CUb

Utility power is prioritised to charge the battery, switching to PV charging only when utility power is unavailable (Priority: Utility > PV)



Solar Priority Charging CSO

PV priority charging, whereby mains charging is only activated when the PV fails. By making full use of the PV during the day and switching to utility charging at night, the battery power can be maintained. This mode is suitable for applications in areas where the grid is relatively stable and electricity is expensive. (Priority: PV > Utility)



Only Solar Charging OSO

Only PV power is used to charge the battery, without starting the mains charging. This is the most energy-efficient method, with all battery power coming from solar energy, and is usually used in areas with good radiation conditions.



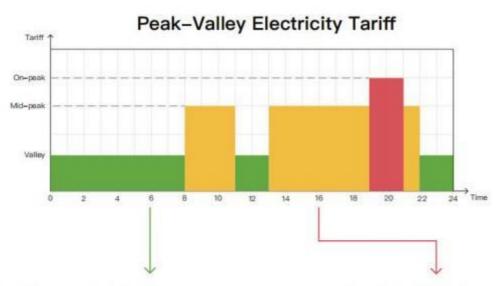
File version: V1.1

5.5 Time-slot charging/discharging function

SPI H3 series is equipped with time-slot charging / discharging function, users can set different charging/discharging time slots according to the local peak and valley electricity price, so as to make efficient use of utility power and PV energy. When the utility price is expensive, the battery inverter can be used to supply power to the loads. When the utility price is cheap, the utility power can be used to supply and charge the loads, which can help users save the electricity bill to the greatest extent. Users can turn on/off the time-sharing charging/discharging function in the setting menu parameters [46] and [53], and set the charging and discharging time periods in parameters [40-45], [47-52] for timed mains charging start/time setting and timed battery discharging start/time setting. Here is a case example to help users understand the function.



Before using this function for the first time, please set the local time in parameter [54], [55], then the user can set the corresponding time slot according to the local peak and valley tariff charges.



Time-slot Utility Charging/Carrying Function



With 3 definable periods, the user can freely set the mains charging/carrying time within the range of 00:00 to 23:59. During the time period set by the user, if PV energy is available, PV energy will be used first, and if PV energy is not available or insufficient, utility energy will be used as a supplement.

Time-slot Battery Disacharging Function



With 3 definable time periods, users can freely set the battery discharge time within the range of 00:00 to 23:59. During the time period set by the user, the inverter will give priority to the battery inverter to carry the load, and if the battery power is insufficient, the inverter will automatically switch to mains power to ensure stable operation of the load.

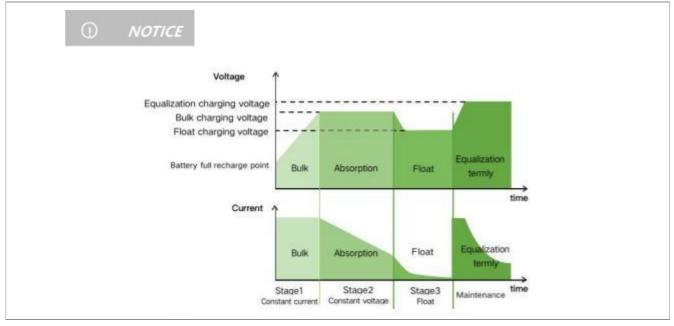
Tel: +86 0538 5076188 Web: https://solarforestgroup.com WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

File version: V1.1

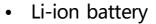
5.6 Battery parameter

Lead-acid battery

Davamentos/Pattom: tour	Sealed	Gel	Flooded	User-defined
Parameter/Battery type	SLd	GEL	FLd	USE
Over-voltage cut-off voltage	60V	60V	60V	60V
Equalization charging voltage	58V	56.8V	58V	40 ~60V settable
Bulk charging voltage	57.6V	56.8V	57.6V	40~60V settable
Float charging voltage	55.2V	55.2V	55.2V	40~60V settable
Under-voltage alarm voltage	44V	44V	44V	40~60V settable
Under-voltage cut-off voltage	42V	42V	42V	40~60V settable
Discharging limit voltage	40V	40V	40V	40 ~60V settable
Over-discharge delay time	5s	5s	5s	1~30s settable
Equalization charging duration	120m	-	120min	0~600min settable
Equalization charging interval	30d	-	30d	0~250d settable
Bulk charging interval	120m	120m	120m	10~600m settable

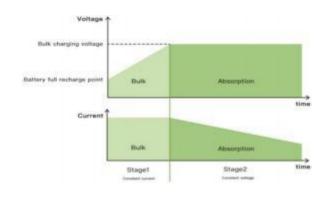


File version: V1.1



Parameter/Battery	Ter	nary		LFP		User-defined
type	N13	N14	L16	L15	L14	USE
Over-voltage cut-off voltage	60V	60V	60V	60V	60V	60V
Equalization charging voltage	-	-	-	-	-	40~60V settable
Bulk charging voltage	53.2V	57.6V	56.8V	53.2V	49.2V	40~60V settable
Float charging voltage	53.2V	57.6V	56.8V	53.2V	49.2V	40~60V settable
Under-voltage alarm voltage	43.6V	46.8V	49.6V	46.4V	43.2V	40~60V settable
Under-voltage cut- off voltage	38.8V	42V	48.8V	45.6V	42V	40~60V settable
Discharging limit voltage	36.4V	39.2V	46.4V	43.6V	40.8V	40~60V settable
Over-discharge delay time	30s	30s	30s	30s	30s	1~30s settable
Equalization charging duration	-	-	-	-	-	0~600min settable
Equalization charging interval	-	-	-	-	-	0~250d settable
Bulk charging interval	120min settable	120min settable	120min settable	120 m settable	120 m settable	10~600min settable

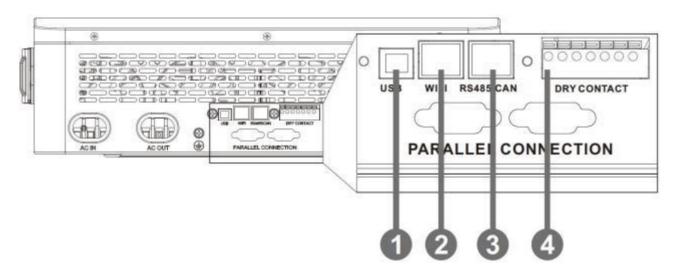
If no BMS is connected, the inverter will charge according to battery voltage with a preset charging curve. When the inverter communicates with the BMS, it will follow the BMS instructions to perform a more complex stage charging process.



File version: V1.1

6. Communication

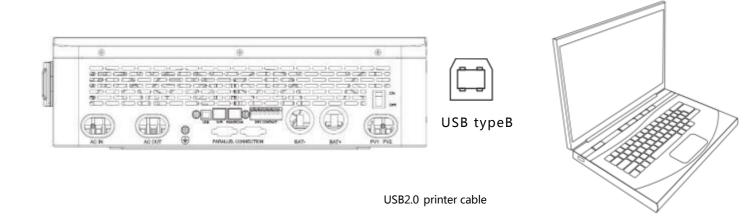
6.1 Overview



1	USB-B port	3	RS485/CAN port
2	WIFI port	4	Dry contact port

6.2 USB-B port

Users can use the host computer software to read and modify the device parameters through this port. If you need the installation package of the host computer software, you can download it from the official website of SRNE or contact us to get the installation package.



12345678

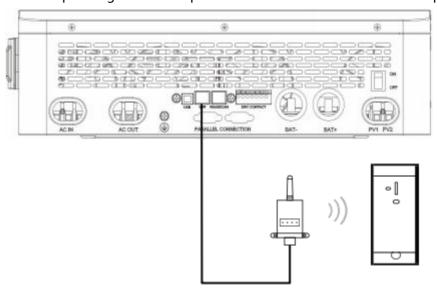
WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

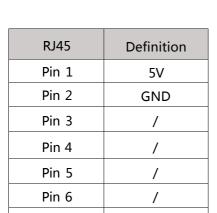
File version: V1.1

12345678

6.3 WIFI port

The WIFI port is used to connect to the Wi-Fi/GPRS dat n module, which alle RS485/CAN view the operating status and parameters of the inverter via mobile phone APP.





RS485-A

RS485-B

Pin 7

Pin 8

6.4 RS485/CAN port

The RS485-2 port is used to connect to the BMS of Liion battery.



If you need to use the inverter to communicate with the lithium battery BMS, please contact us for the communication protocol or upgrade the inverter to the appropriate software programme.

If you are using a normal RJ45 cable, check the pin definitions, pin 1 and pin 2 usually need to be cut off for proper use.

Definition
5V
GND
/
CANH
CANL
/
RS485-A
RS485-B

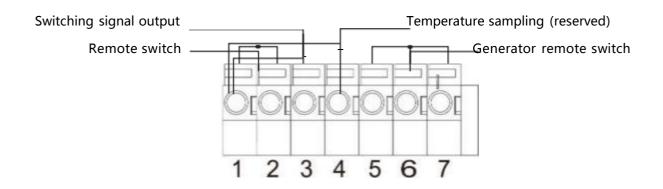
Tel: +86 0538 5076188 Web: https://solarforestgroup.com WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

File version: V1.1

6.5 Dry contact port

Dry contact port with 4 functions:

1. Remote switch on/off 2. Switching signal output 3. Battery temperature sampling 4. Generator remote start/stop



Function	Description
Remote switch	When pin 1 is connected with pin 2, the inverter will switched off the AC output. When pin1 is disconnected from pin2, the inverter outputs normally.
Switching signal output	When the voltage of battery reaches the battery discharge limiting voltage (parameter [15]), pin 3 to pin 1 voltage is 0V. When the battery charging is normal, pin 3 to pin 1 voltage is 5V.
Temperature sampling (reserved)	Pin 1 & Pin 4 can be used for battery temperature sampling compensation.
Generator remote switch	When the voltage of battery reaches the battery under-voltage alarm point (parameter [14]) or voltage point of battery switch to utility (parameter [04]), pin 6 to pin 5 normally open, pin 7 to pin 5 normally close. When the voltage of battery reaches the voltage point of utility switch to battery (parameter [05]) or battery is full, pin 6 to pin 5 normally close, pin 7 to pin 5 normally open. (Pin 5/6/7 outputs 125Vac/1A, 230Vac/1A,30Vdc/1A)



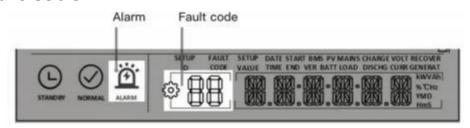
If you need to use the remote start/stop function of the generator with dry contact, ensure that the generator has ATS and supports remote start / stop.



File version: V1.1

7. Fault and Remedy

7.1 Fault code



Fault Code	Meaning	Does it Affect the outputs	Descriptions
01	BatVoltLow	Yes	Battery under-voltage alarm
02	BatOverCurrSw	Yes	Battery discharge over-current, software protection
03	BatOpen	Yes	Battery disconnected alarm
04	BatLowEod	Yes	Battery under-voltage stop discharging alarm
05	BatOverCurrHw	Yes	Battery over-current, hardware protection
06	BatOverVolt	Yes	Battery over-voltage protection
07	BusOverVoltHw	Yes	Busbar over-voltage, hardware protection
08	BusOverVoltSw	Yes	Busbar over-voltage, software protection
09	PvVoltHigh	Yes	PV input over-voltage protection
10	PvBoostOCSw	No	Boost circuit over-current, software protection
11	PvBoostOCHw	No	Boost circuit over-current, hardware protection
12	SpiCommErr	Yes	Master-slave chip SPI communication failure
13	Overload Bypass	Yes	Bypass overload protection
14	Overload Inverter	Yes	Inverter overload protection
15	AcOverCurrHw	Yes	Inverter over-current, hardware protection
16	AuxDSpReqOffPWM	Yes	Slave chip request switch off failure
17	InvShort	Yes	Inverter short-circuit protection
18	Bussoftfailed	Yes	Busbar soft start failed
19	OverTemperMppt	No	PV heat sink over-temperature protection



Fault Code	Meaning	Does it Affect the outputs	Descriptions
20	OverTemperInv	Yes	Inverter heat sink over-temperature protection
21	FanFail	Yes	Fan failure
22	EEPROM	Yes	Memory failure
23	Model NumErr	Yes	Wrong model
24	Busdiff	Yes	Positive and negative busbar voltage imbalance
25	BusShort	Yes	Busbar short circuit
26	Rlyshort	Yes	Inverter output back flow to bypass
27	LinePhaseLack	Yes	Grid phase lack
28	LinePhaseErr	Yes	Utility input phase fault
29	BusVoltLow	Yes	Busbar under-voltage protection
30	BatCapacityLow1	Yes	Battery SOC below 10% alarm (Effective after successful BMS communication)
31	BatCapacityLow2	No	Battery SOC below 5% alarm (Effective after successful BMS communication)
32	BatCapacityLowStop	Yes	Battery low capacity shutdown (Effective after successful BMS communication)
56	Low insulation resistance fault	No	PVabnormally low impedance to ground.
57	Leakage current overload fault	Yes	System leakage current exceeds limit.
60	BMSUnderTem	No	BMS under-temperature alarm (Effective after successful BMS communication)
61	BMSOverTem	No	BMS over-temperature alarm (Effective after successful BMS communication)
62	BMSOverCur	No	BMS over-current alarm (Effective after successful BMS communication)
63	BMSUnderVolt	No	BMS under-voltage alarm (Effective after successful BMS communication)
64	BMSOverVolt	No	BMS over-voltage alarm (Effective after successful BMS communication)



7.2 Troubleshooting

Fault Code	Meaning	Causes	Remedy
/	No screen display	No power input, or the switch on the bottom of the unit is not switched on.	Check whether the battery air circuit- breaker or PV air circuit-breaker is turned on. Check if the switch is "ON". Press any button on the screen to exit the screen sleep mode.
01	Battery under-voltage	The battery voltage is lower than the value set in parameter [14].	Charge the battery and wait until the battery voltage is higher than the value set in parameter [14].
03	Battery not connected	The battery is not connected, or the BMS is in discharge protection state.	Check that the battery is reliably connected. Check that the battery circuit-breaker is off. Ensure that the BMS is able to communicate properly.
04	Battery over- discharge	The battery voltage is lower than the value set in parameter [12].	Manual reset: Switch off and restart. Automatic reset: Charge the battery so that the battery voltage is higher than the value set in parameter item [35].
06	Battery over-voltage when charging	Battery is in over-voltage condition.	Manually power off and restart. Check to see if the battery voltage exceeds the limit. If it exceeds, the battery needs to be discharged until the voltage is below the battery over-voltage recovery point.
13	Bypass over-load (software detection)	Bypass output power or output current over-load for a period of time.	Reduce the load power and restart the
14	Inverter over- load(software detection)	Inverter output power or output current over-load for a period of time.	device. Please refer to item 11 of the protection function for more details.
19	Heat sink of PV input over-temperature (software detection)	Heat sink of PV input temperature exceeds 90°C for 3s.	Normal charging and discharging is resumed when the temperature of the
20	Heat sink of inverter output over-temperature (software detection)	Heat sink of inverter output temperature exceeds 90°C for 3s.	heat sink cools below the over- temperature recovery temperature.
21	Fan failure	Hardware detects fan failure.	Manually toggle the fan after powering off the machine to check for foreign matter blockage.



Tel: +86 0538 5076188 WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 Web: https://solarforestgroup.com Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

File version: V1.1

Fault Code	Meaning	Causes	Remedy
26	AC input relay short- circuit	Relay for AC input sticking.	Manually turn off and restart the machine, if the fault reappears after restarting, you need to contact the after-sales service to repair the machine.
28	Utility input phase fault	AC input phase does not match AC output phase.	Make sure that the phase of the AC input is the same as the phase of the AC output.



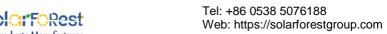
If you encounter product faults that cannot be solved by the methods in the above table, please contact our after-sales service department for technical support and do not

disassemble the equipment by yourself.

8. Protection and Maintenance

8.1 Protection function

No	Protection functions	Description
1	PV input current / power limiting protection	When the charging current or power of the PV array configured exceeds the PV input rated value, the inverter will limit the input power and charge at the rated.
2	PV input over-voltage	If the PV voltage exceeds the maximum value allowed by the hardware, the machine reports a fault and stops PV boosting to output a sinusoidal AC waveform.
3	Anti-reverse charge protection at night	At night, the battery will be prevented from discharging to the PV module because the battery voltage is greater than the PV module voltage.
4	AC input over-voltage protection	When the mains voltage of per phase exceeds 280Vac, the mains charging will be stopped and will switch to inverter output.



8 WhatsApp: +86 13810587138 stgroup.com Email: info@solarforestgroup.com

Oolai Citao	1 V 1 Toddets /Viaridiaetarei	
5	AC input under-voltage protection	When the mains voltage of per phase falls below 170Vac, the mains charging will be stopped and will switch to inverter output.
6	Battery over-voltage protection	When the battery voltage reaches the over-voltage disconnection voltage point, it will automatically stop the PV and mains charging of the battery to prevent over-charging and damage to the battery.
7	Battery under-voltage protection	When the battery voltage reaches the low-voltage disconnection voltage point, it will automatically stop discharging the battery to prevent the battery from being over-discharged and damaged.
8	Battery over-current protection	When the battery current exceeds the range allowed by hardware, the machine will turn off output and stop discharging the battery.
9	AC output short-circuit protection	When a short-circuit fault occurs at the load, the AC output voltage will be switched off immediately and output again after 1 min. If the output load is still short-circuited after 3 attempts, short-circuit fault of the load must be eliminated first and then manually repowered in order to restore the normal output.
10	Heat sink over- temperature protection	When the internal temperature of the inverter is too high, the inverter will stop charging and discharging; when the temperature returns to normal, the inverter will resume charging and discharging.
11	Inverter over-load protection	After triggering the overload protection, the inverter will resume output after 3 minutes, 5 consecutive overloads will switch off the output until the inverter restarts. (102% < load < 110%): alarm, output switched off after 5 minutes. (110% < load < 125%): alarm reported and output switched off after 10s.
		(> 125% load): alarm reported and output switched off after 5s.

No	Protection functions	Description
12	AC output reverse	Prevents backfeeding of battery inverter AC to bypass AC inputs.
13	Bypass over-current protection	Built-in AC input overcurrent protection circuit breaker.
14	Bypass phase inconsistency protection	When the phase of the two bypass inputs is different from the phase of the inverter phase split, the machine will prohibit cutting into the bypass to prevent the load from dropping out or short-circuiting when cutting into the bypass.

File version: V1.1



To maintain optimum long-lasting working performance, it is recommended that the following items be checked twice a year.

- Ensure that the airflow around the inverter is not blocked and remove any dirt or debris from the radiator.
- 2. Check that all exposed conductors are not damaged by sunlight, friction with other surrounding objects, dry rot, insect or rodent damage, etc. The conductors need to be repaired or replaced if necessary.
- Verify that the indications and displays are consistent with the operation of the equipment, note any faults or incorrect displays and take corrective action if necessary.
- 4. Check all terminals for signs of corrosion, insulation damage, high temperatures or burning/discolouration and tighten terminal screws.
- Check for dirt, nesting insects and corrosion, clean as required, clean insect screens regularly.
- If the lightning arrester has failed, replace the failed arrester in time to prevent lightning damage to the inverter or other equipment of the user.

DANGER

Make sure that the inverter is disconnected from all power sources and that the capacitors are fully discharged before carrying out any checks or operations to avoid the risk of electric shock.

The Company shall not be liable for damage caused by :

- Damage caused by improper use or use in a wrong location. 1.
- PV modules with an open-circuit voltage exceeding the maximum permissible voltage. 2.
- Damage caused by the operating temperature exceeding the restricted operating 3. temperature range.
- Dismantling and repair of the inverter by unauthorised persons. 4.
- Damage caused by force majeure: damage during transport or handling of the inverter.



File version: V1.1

9. Datasheet

MODEL	SPI-8K-H3	SPI-10K-H3	SPI-12K-H3	settable
INVERTER OUTPUT				
Rated Output Power	8,000W	10,000W	12000W	
Max. Peak Power	16,000W	20,000W	24000W	
Rated Output Voltage	2	30/400Vac (three-phase	2)	√
Capacity of Motor Load	5HP	6НР	6НР	
Rated Frequency		50/60Hz	1	√
Output Waveform	pure sine wave			
Switching Time	10ms (typical)			
Number of parallel	/			
Overload Protection	After triggering the overload protection, the inverter will resume output after 3 minutes, 5 consecutive overloads will shut down the output until the inverter is restarted. (102% <load (="" (110%="" 10s.="" 5="" <110%)="" <125%)="" <load="" after="" down="" error,="" minutes.="" output="" shut="" ±10%:="">125% load ±10%): error, output shut down after 5s.</load>			
BATTERY	,	, ,		
Battery Types	Li-ion / Lead-Acid / User Defined			√
Rated Battery Voltage	48Vdc			
Voltage Range	40-60Vdc			√
Max. Utility / Generator	1004	1204	1204	.1
Charging Current	100A	120A	120A	V
Max. Hybrid Charging Current	180A	220A	260A	√
PV INPUT				
No. of MPPT		2		
Max. Input Power	6000W/6000W	7500W/7500W	9000W/9000W	
Max. Input Current	22/22A			
Max. Open-circuit Voltage	800Vdc/800Vdc			
MPPT Operating Voltage Range	200-650Vdc/200-650Vdc			
Utility / GENERATOR INPUT				
Input Voltage Range	phase voltage 170~280V, line voltage 305~485V			
Input Frequency Range	50 / 60Hz			
Bypass Overload phase Current	23A	29A	35A	
EFFICIENCY				
MPPT Tracking Efficiency	99.9%			
Max. Battery Inverter Efficiency		≥92%		
European Efficiency	97.2%	97.5%	97.5%	



CENTERAL					
GENERAL					
Dimensions	620*445*130mm (2.03*1.46*0.43ft)				
Weight	27kg (59.52lb)				
Protection Degree	IP20 , indoor only				
Ambient Temp	-10 ~55°C, >45°C derated				
Noise	<60dB				
Self-consumption	<130w				
Cooling Method	Fan cooling				
COMMUNICATION					
Internal Interface	RS485 / CAN / USB / Dry contact	\checkmark			
External Module (optional)	Wi-Fi / GPRS	√			
CERTIFICATION					
Safety	IEC62109-1, IEC62109-2				
EMC	EN61000-6-1, EN61000-6-3, FCC 15 class B				
RoHS	Yes				